#### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Brandon Patty Clerk of the Circuit Court and Comptroller of St. Johns County, Florida

#### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the St. Johns County, Florida Clerk of the Circuit Court and Comptroller (the "Clerk") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Clerk's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the Clerk as of September 30, 2023, and the respective change in financial position, and the budgetary comparisons for the general fund and major special revenue funds for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Clerk, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error America.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Clerk's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

To the Honorable Brandon Patty Clerk of the Circuit Court and Comptroller of St. Johns County, Florida

#### Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
  expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clerk's internal control. Accordingly,
  no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Clerk's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Emphasis-of-Matter

As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, the accompanying financial statements were prepared for the purpose of complying with Section 218.39, Florida Statutes, and Section 10.557(3), Rules of the Auditor General for Local Governmental Entity Audits. These financial statements are not intended to be a complete presentation of the financial position of St. Johns County as of September 30, 2023, and the changes in its financial position for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

To the Honorable Brandon Patty Clerk of the Circuit Court and Comptroller of St. Johns County, Florida

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements taken as a whole. The accompanying supplemental information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. The accompanying supplemental information is the responsibility of management and was derived from, and relates directly to, the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain other procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 12, 2024, on our consideration of the Clerk's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Clerk's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

MSL, P.A.

Certified Public Accountants

Orlando, Florida March 12, 2024

#### **BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

September 30, 2023

#### **ASSETS**

		General Fund	M	Records odernization Fund		Court Todernization Trust Fund	Go	Other vernmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS  Cash and cash equivalents  Due from Board of County Commissioners  Due from other governments  Due from other funds  Prepaid items	\$	1,461,826 9,378 5,337 1,502 3,242	\$	2,068,354	\$	1,253,491 - - - -	\$	312,419 - 49,743 - -	\$	5,096,090 9,378 55,080 1,502 3,242
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,481,285	\$	2,068,354	\$	1,253,491	\$	362,162	\$	5,165,292
	LIAI	BILITIES AN	ND F	UND BALAN	ICE					
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	247,034	\$	-	\$	14,459	\$	2,733	\$	264,226
Deposits		72,423		-		-		-		72,423
Due to Board of County Commissioners		340,992		-		1,679		635		343,306
Due to other governments		813,587		-		-		-		813,587
Due to other funds		-		-		-		1,502		1,502
Unearned revenue		7,249			_			-		7,249
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,481,285				16,138		4,870		1,502,293
FUND BALANCE										
Nonspendable		3,242								3,242
Restricted for:										
Records modernization		-		2,068,354		-		-		2,068,354
Court operations		-		-		1,237,353		357,292		1,594,645
Unassigned		(3,242)		-		-				(3,242)
TOTAL FUND BALANCE			_	2,068,354	_	1,237,353		357,292		3,662,999
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	1,481,285	\$	2,068,354	\$	1,253,491	\$	362,162	\$	5,165,292

### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	General Fund	Records Modernization Fund	Court Modernization Trust Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES					
Intergovernmental	\$ 220,189	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 178,392	\$ 398,581
Charges for services	5,666,011	211,250	647,301	291,126	6,815,688
Fines and forfeitures	2,237,788	-	-	-	2,237,788
Miscellaneous	39,067	89,422	63,747	3,906	196,142
TOTAL REVENUES	8,163,055	300,672	711,048	473,424	9,648,199
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government	5,584,055	110,231	-	-	5,694,286
Court related	4,171,089	-	952,663	171,159	5,294,911
Capital outlay	48,172		28,598		76,770
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	9,803,316	110,231	981,261	171,159	11,065,967
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(1,640,261)	190,441	(270,213)	302,265	(1,417,768)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Appropriations from Board of County Commissioners	3,621,909	-	-	-	3,621,909
Reversion to Board of County Commissioners	(301,452)	-	-	-	(301,452)
Article V Reversion	(1,680,196)				(1,680,196)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	1,640,261				1,640,261
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	190,441	(270,213)	302,265	222,493
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		1,877,913	1,507,566	55,027	3,440,506
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ -	\$ 2,068,354	\$ 1,237,353	\$ 357,292	\$ 3,662,999

### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GENERAL FUND - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		Original Budget	Fi	nal Budget		Actual	Fir	riance with nal Budget - Positive Negative)
REVENUES	Ф	140.545	Ф	140.545	Ф	220 100	Ф	70.644
Intergovernmental	\$	140,545	\$	140,545	\$	220,189	\$	79,644
Charges for services Fines and forfeitures		5,350,885 1,520,100		5,350,885 1,520,100		5,666,011 2,237,788		315,126 717,688
Miscellaneous		8,500		8,500		39,067		
Miscenaneous		8,300		8,300		39,007		30,567
TOTAL REVENUES		7,020,030		7,020,030		8,163,055		1,143,025
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government		6,421,329		6,398,804		5,584,055		814,749
Court related		4,096,130		4,190,039		4,171,089		18,950
Capital outlay		15,350		53,096		48,172		4,924
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1	0,532,809		10,641,939		9,803,316		838,623
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(	(3,512,779)		(3,621,909)		(1,640,261)		304,402
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Appropriations from Board of County Commissioners		3,512,779		3,621,909		3,621,909		-
Reversion to Board of County Commissioners		-		-		(301,452)		(301,452)
Article V Reversion		-		-		(1,680,196)		(1,680,196)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		3,512,779		3,621,909		1,640,261		(1,981,648)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-		-		-
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR								
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	-	\$		\$		\$	-

### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - RECORDS MODERNIZATION TRUST FUND - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Original Budget	Fi	inal Budget	Actual	Fina P	iance with I Budget - Positive [egative]
REVENUES	 Buager		mar Buager	Tiotaai		<u>eganve)</u>
Charges for services	\$ 310,000	\$	310,000	\$ 211,250	\$	(98,750)
Miscellaneous	 15,000		15,000	 89,422		74,422
TOTAL REVENUES	 325,000		325,000	 300,672		(24,328)
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government	100,000		160,000	110,231		49,769
Capital outlay	 50,000		50,000	 		50,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	150,000		210,000	110,231		99,769
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	175,000		115,000	190,441		75,441
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	 1,877,913		1,877,913	1,877,913		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 2,052,913	\$	1,992,913	\$ 2,068,354	\$	75,441

### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - COURT MODERNIZATION FUND - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Original Budget Final Budget Actual					Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES Charges for services	\$	1,000,000	\$	1,000,000	\$	647,301	\$	(352,699)
Miscellaneous	Ψ	12,000	Ψ	12,000	Ψ	63,747		51,747
TOTAL REVENUES		1,012,000		1,012,000		711,048		(300,952)
EXPENDITURES Current:								
Court related		818,554		1,025,578		952,663		72,915
Capital outlay		25,000		30,500		28,598		1,902
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		843,554		1,056,078		981,261		74,817
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		168,446		(44,078)		(270,213)		(226,135)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		1,507,566		1,507,566		1,507,566		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	1,676,012	\$	1,463,488	\$	1,237,353	\$	(226,135)

# STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - CUSTODIAL FUNDS

#### **September 30, 2023**

ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,875,960
Receivables	7,535
TOTAL ASSETS	8,883,495
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	98,044
Due to Board of County Commissioners	177,547
Due to individuals and other governments	4,135,616
TOTAL LIABILITIES	4,411,207
NET POSITION	
Restricted for:	
Individuals, organizations, and other governments	4,472,288
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 4,472,288

## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - CUSTODIAL FUNDS

#### Year Ended September 30, 2023

ADDITIONG

ADDITIONS	
Amounts collected for fines and fees	\$ 99,763,768
Amounts collected for registry	6,715,760
Amounts collected for court bonds	2,044,019
Amounts collected for tax deeds	2,449,908
Amounts collected for individuals	 647,904
TOTAL ADDITIONS	 111,621,359
DEDUCTIONS	
Fines and fees paid to other governments	99,763,768
Amounts paid for registry	6,496,496
Amounts paid for court bonds	3,112,071
Amounts paid for tax deeds	1,626,574
Amounts paid to individuals	 647,902
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	 111,646,811
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION	(25,452)
Net Position - Beginning	 4,497,740
Net Position - Ending	\$ 4,472,288

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ended September 30, 2023

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the St. Johns County Clerk of the Circuit Court and Comptroller (the "Clerk") conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments in the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Codification. The following is a summary of the more significant policies.

- (a) **Reporting entity** The Clerk is an elected constitutional officer, whose office is established by Article VIII of the Constitution of the State of Florida and is governed by various provisions of state law. The Clerk's office is an integral part of St. Johns County, Florida (the "County"), the reporting entity for financial reporting purposes. The Clerk's General Fund is combined with the Board of County Commissioners in the County's financial statements to properly reflect the county-wide General Fund.
- (b) **Basis of presentation** The Clerk's financial statements are special-purpose financial statements that have been prepared for the purpose of complying with the requirements of Section 218.39, Florida Statutes, and Section 10.557(3) of the *Rules of the Auditor General for Local Government Entity Audits* (the "Rules"). In conformity with the Rules, the Clerk has not presented the government-wide financial statements, the reconciliations to the government-wide statements or management's discussion and analysis.
- (c) Fund accounting Accounts are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures, as appropriate for each fund type. Government resources are allocated to, and accounted for in, individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The focus of fund financial statements is on major funds, each displayed in a separate column.

The Clerk reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – The principal operating fund of the Clerk. It is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Records Modernization Trust Fund – This fund is primarily used to account for and report the additional service charges required by Section 28.24, Florida Statutes, used exclusively to modernize the public records system of the Clerk.

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Court Modernization Fund – This fund is primarily used to account for and report additional service charges collected and associated expenditures used exclusively to fund court-related technology needs of the Clerk.

The Clerk reports the following nonmajor funds:

Teen Court Fund – This fund is primarily used to account for and report fines, surcharges, and associated expenditures of the operations of Teen Court.

*Title IV-D Fund* – This fund is primarily used to account for and report Title IV-D costs and related federal reimbursement.

Tourist Development Tax Fund – This fund is primarily used to account for and report tourist development taxes collected, and associated expenditures for tourist development in the County.

Additionally, the Clerk reports the following fiduciary fund type:

Custodial Fund – The Custodial Fund is primarily used to account for and report resources held in a custodial capacity.

(d) **Measurement focus/basis of accounting** — All governmental funds are accounted for on a spending or current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This means that only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their reported fund balance (net current assets) is considered a measure of "available spendable resources." Their operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets and, accordingly, are said to present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during a period.

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied. All governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available as net current assets. The Clerk considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 90 days of the end of the current fiscal period.

Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred. However, principal and interest on general long-term debt are recognized when due.

The fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Additions are recorded when earned and deductions are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of cash flows.

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

- (e) Cash The Clerk's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. All bank deposit balances as of September 30, 2023, are covered by federal depository insurance or by a multiple financial institution collateral pool, pursuant to the Public Depository Security Act of the State of Florida.
- (f) **Investments** The Clerk has adopted an investment policy pursuant to Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, which allows for surplus funds to be invested in any intergovernmental investment pool (such as the Florida Local Government Investment Trust or "FLGIT"); Securities and Exchange Commissions registered money market funds; certificates of deposits and savings accounts in state-certified qualified public depositories; and direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury.

The Clerk has funds invested in the FLGIT Day-to-Day Fund. FLGIT is administered by the Florida Clerk of Courts and Comptrollers Association and the Florida Association of Counties. The Clerk's investment in the Day-to-Day Trust is reported at amortized cost. The fair value of the position in the pool is equal to the value of the pool shares.

(g) Capital assets and long-term liabilities – Capital assets used by the Clerk are capitalized (recorded and accounted for) by the St. Johns County Board of County Commissioners.

Because of their spending measurement focus, expenditure recognition for governmental fund types is limited to exclude amounts represented by non-current liabilities. Since they do not affect net current assets, such long-term amounts are not recognized as governmental fund type expenditures or fund liabilities. They are instead reported as assets and liabilities in the financial statements of the County.

- (h) **Accounts payable** Accounts payable balances in the General Fund are primarily payable to third-party vendors for goods provided and services rendered.
- (i) Compensated absences The Clerk follows generally accepted accounting principles in accounting for accrued compensated absences. The Clerk allows limited vesting of unused employee leave time. Since the annual and sick leave liability is considered long-term, it is recorded in the government-wide financial statements of the County. Compensated absences are expected to be paid out of the General Fund of the Clerk and this practice is expected to continue in the future. The Clerk kept compensated absence records for the hours earned, used and available.

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(j) Fund balance – The Clerk classifies fund balances for governmental funds into specifically defined classifications. The classifications comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the Clerk is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the funds may be spent.

Fund balance classifications are described below:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – Nonspendable fund balances are amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – Restricted fund balances are restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance – Committed fund balances are amounts that can only be used for specific purposes as a result of constraints imposed by formal action of the Clerk's highest level of decision making authority, which is a policy of the Clerk. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Clerk removes those constraints by taking the same type of action.

Assigned Fund Balance – Assigned fund balances are amounts that constrained by the Clerk's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by (a) the constitutional officer or (b) a body or official to which the constitutional officer has delegated the authority to assign amounts used for specific purposes.

Unassigned Fund Balance – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and the negative residual amount in other funds. In as much as the Clerk is a county constitutional officer, any funds remaining at the end of the fiscal year are returned to the Board of County Commissioners or the State of Florida.

The Clerk's policy is to expend resources in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

(k) Use of estimates – The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make various estimates. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### NOTE 2 - BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

Governmental fund revenues and expenditures accounted for in budgetary funds are controlled by a formal integrated budgetary accounting system in accordance with the Florida Statutes. An annual budget was adopted for the General Fund. All budget amounts presented in the accompanying special-purpose financial statements have been adjusted for legally authorized amendments of the annual budget for the year. The annual budget is monitored at varying levels of classification detail. However, for purposes of budgetary control, expenditures cannot legally exceed the total budget appropriations at the individual fund level. The budget is adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. All appropriations lapse at year end.

#### **NOTE 3 - INVESTMENTS**

At year end, the Clerk's investments consisted of \$4,329,677 invested in FLGIT's Day-to-Day Fund. The Clerk's investments are exposed to credit risk and interest rate risks. The Clerk does not have a formal investment policy relating to those risks, which are hereafter described.

*Credit Risk* – The risk that in an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations.

The FLGIT is rated by the Standards and Poors and has a rating at September 30, 2023, of AAAmmf.

*Interest Rate Risk* – The risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment.

The weighted average maturity (WAM) of FLGIT's Day-to-Day Fund at September 30, 2023, was 38 days.

#### NOTE 4 - INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

As of September 30, 2023, the Clerk's General Fund was owed a total of \$1,502 from the Title IV-D Fund. These balances are due to timing differences in cash transactions and are expected to be repaid within the next year.

#### NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A summary of changes in long-term liabilities of the Clerk for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023, follows:

	Balance October 1,			Balance September 30,	Due Within
	2022	Additions	Deletions	2023	One Year
Compensated absences	\$ 538,273	\$ 592,982	\$ 590,983	\$ 540,272	\$ 120,715

#### NOTE 6 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The County purchased commercial insurance to limit the exposure of the following risks of loss: theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; natural disasters and injuries to employees. Commercial insurance has been purchased by the Clerk to cover the risks of loss due to employee errors or omissions and health insurance. Settled claims resulting from all risks have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

#### NOTE 7 - PENSION PLAN

The Clerk participates in the Florida Retirement System ("FRS"), a multiple-employer, cost sharing defined public employee retirement system which covers all of the Clerk's full-time employees. The FRS is administered by the State of Florida, Department of Administration, Division of Retirement to provide retirement and survivor benefits to participating public employees. Provisions relating to the FRS are established by Chapters 121 and 122, Florida Statutes; Chapter 112, Part IV, Florida Statutes; Chapter 238, Florida Statutes; and FRS Rules, Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code; wherein eligibility, contributions, and benefits are defined and described in detail. The FRS is a single retirement system administered by the Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, and consists of two cost-sharing, multiple-employer retirement plans and other nonintegrated programs. These include a defined-benefit pension plan (the "Plan"), with a Deferred Retirement Option Program ("DROP"), and a defined-contribution plan, referred to as the FRS Investment Plan.

In addition, all regular employees of the entity are eligible to enroll as members of the retiree Health Insurance Subsidy ("HIS") Program. The HIS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with section 112.363, Florida Statutes. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of the state-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment equal to the number of years of service credited at retirement multiplied by \$5. The minimum payment is \$30 and the maximum payment is \$150 per month, pursuant to section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive a HIS benefit, a retiree under one of the state-administered retirement systems must provide proof of eligible health insurance coverage, which can include Medicare.

For financial reporting purposes, the Clerk is deemed to be part of the primary government of the County. The liability related to the Clerk's proportionate share of FRS retirement benefits, along with a detailed plan description, is reported in the financial statements of the County for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023.

#### NOTE 8 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

All eligible employees of the Clerk participate in the County's plan. For a detailed plan description and any Other Postemployment Benefits ("OPEB") liability for employees of the Clerk, see the County's financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023.

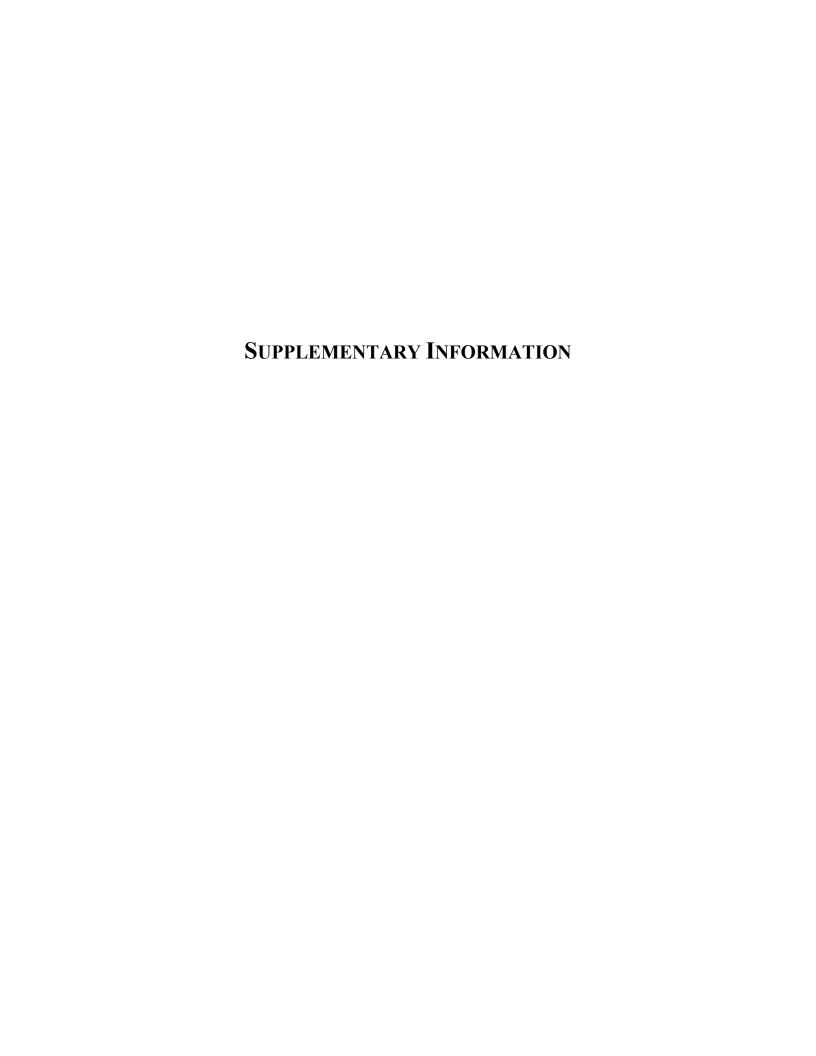
#### **NOTE 9 - CONTINGENCIES**

The Clerk is, during the course of normal operations, involved in various claims regarding the assessments of real and tangible personal property. It is the opinion of management for the Clerk, that any uninsured claims would not be material in relation to the Clerk's financial condition.

### NOTE 10 - LEASES AND SUBSCRIPTION-BASED INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY ARRANGEMENTS

The Clerk may lease assets for various terms under certain agreements that meet the definition of a lease under GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. Additionally, the Clerk may enter inter various agreements meeting the definition of subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) under GASB Statement No. 96. Detailed information about the Clerk's leases and SBITAs, if applicable, can be found in the St. Johns County Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) within the government-wide financial statements and related note disclosures.

Any leases or SBITAs that would be entered into by the Clerk are included in the County financial statements as other financing sources and capital outlay expenditures in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance in the year of inception. Any payments made in accordance with the terms of the lease or SBITA are reported in the County financial statements as debt service expenditures (principal and interest) in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance as they are incurred. In the Clerk's financial statements, these payments are included in Current expenditures.



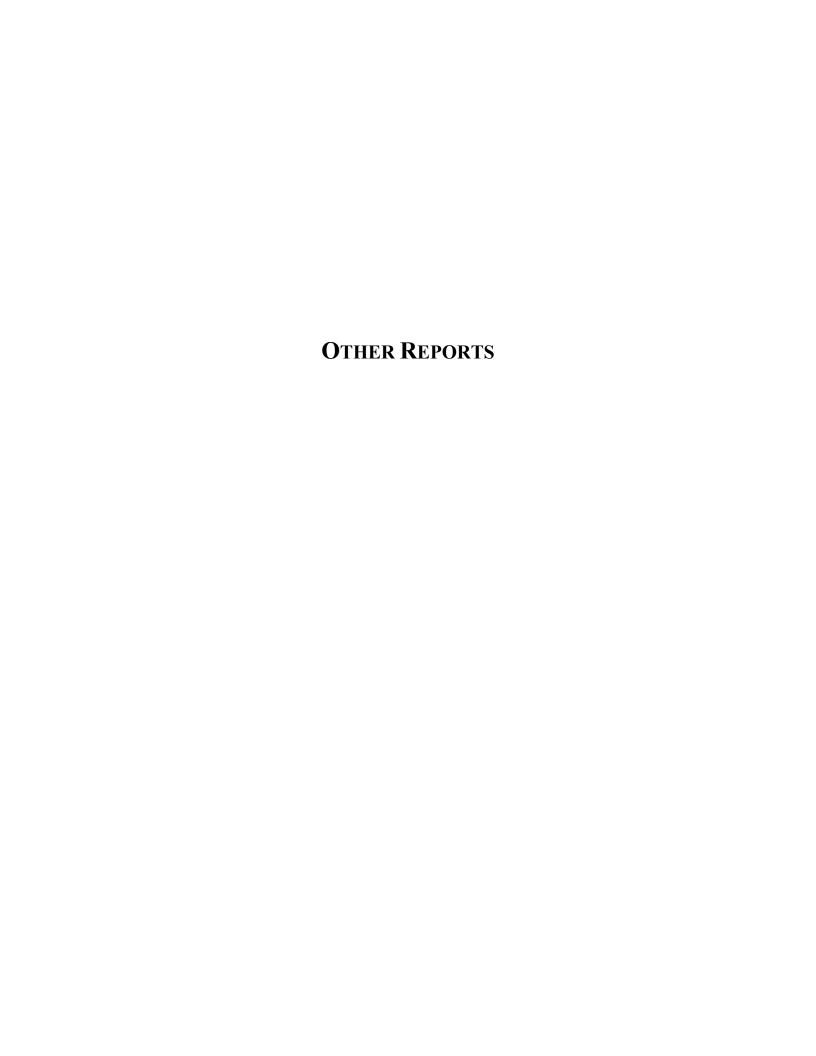
### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

**September 30, 2023** 

	AS	SETS						T 1	
		Teen Court Fund	Ti	Tourist Fitle IV-D Development Fund Tax Fund			Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Due from other governments	\$	86,152	\$	3,666 35,398	\$	222,601 14,345	\$	312,419 49,743	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	86,152	\$	39,064	\$	236,946	\$	362,162	
LIABILITI  LIABILITIES  Accounts payable and accrued expenses  Due to Board of County Commissioners  Due to other funds	\$	400 64 -	\$	2,333 571 1,502	\$	- - -	\$	2,733 635 1,502	
TOTAL LIABILITIES		464_		4,406		-		4,870	
FUND BALANCE Restricted for: Court operations TOTAL FUND BALANCE		85,688 85,688		34,658 34,658		236,946		357,292 357,292	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	86,152	\$	39,064	\$	236,946	\$	362,162	

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	_	Teen Court Fund	Tourist Title IV-D Development Fund Tax Fund		opment	Total Ionmajor vernmental Funds	
REVENUES							
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	178,392	\$	-	\$ 178,392
Charges for services		55,043		-	23	6,083	291,126
Miscellaneous		3,043		-		863	 3,906
TOTAL REVENUES		58,086		178,392	23	6,946	 473,424
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Court related		16,902		154,257			171,159
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		16,902		154,257			 171,159
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		41,184		24,135	23	6,946	302,265
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		44,504		10,523			 55,027
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	85,688	\$	34,658	\$ 23	6,946	\$ 357,292





# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Brandon Patty Clerk of the Circuit Court and Comptroller of St. Johns County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the St. Johns County, Florida Clerk of the Circuit Court and Comptroller (the "Clerk") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Clerk's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 12, 2024.

#### **Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Clerk's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clerk's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clerk's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

To the Honorable Brandon Patty Clerk of the Circuit Court and Comptroller of St. Johns County, Florida

#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Clerk's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Pursuant to provisions of Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*, we reported certain matters to management of the Clerk in a separate management letter and Independent Accountant's Report dated March 12, 2024.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

MSL, P.A.

Certified Public Accountants

Orlando, Florida March 12, 2024



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S MANAGEMENT LETTER

To the Honorable Brandon Patty Clerk of the Circuit Court and Comptroller of St. Johns County, Florida

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the basic financial statements of the St. Johns County, Florida Clerk of the Circuit Court and Comptroller (the "Clerk") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023, and have issued our report thereon dated March 12, 2024.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*.

#### **Other Reporting Requirements**

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with AICPA *Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated March 12, 2024, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

#### **Prior Audit Findings**

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. In connection with the preceding audit, there were no findings or recommendations.

#### Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The legal authority is disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

To the Honorable Brandon Patty Clerk of the Circuit Court and Comptroller of St. Johns County, Florida

#### **Financial Management**

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

#### **Additional Matters**

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., *Rules of the Auditor General*, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

#### **Purpose of this Letter**

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, federal and other granting agencies, the Clerk, and applicable management, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

MSL, P.A.

Certified Public Accountants

Orlando, Florida March 12, 2024



#### INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT

To the Honorable Brandon Patty Clerk of the Circuit Court and Comptroller of St. Johns County, Florida

We have examined the St. Johns County, Florida Clerk of the Circuit Court and Comptroller's (the "Clerk") compliance with the requirements of Sections 28.35, 28.36, 61.181 and 218.415, Florida Statutes, during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023. The Clerk's management is responsible for the Clerk's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Clerk's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the AICPA. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Clerk complied with the aforementioned requirements in all material respects. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about the Clerk's compliance with those requirements, in all material respects. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Clerk's compliance with those requirements, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

We are required to be independent and to meet our ethical responsibilities in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to the examination engagement. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Clerk's compliance with the specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Clerk complied with the aforementioned requirements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023, in all material respects.

MSL, P.A.

Certified Public Accountants

Orlando, Florida March 12, 2024